

ANNEX A TO HURRICANE PLAN
EVACUATION, DECISION AND RESPONSE TIME LINE

I. INTRODUCTION

A. General

The following Evacuation Decision/Response Timeline describes the major activities from initiation of response through post-reentry. Prior to a storm, times are expressed in “E Hour” format, which are the number of hours prior to beginning evacuation operations. These times are different than “H Hour” times shown in many plans and the post storm time line of this plan. H Hour is defined as arrival of tropical storm force winds, which in many instances is approximately two days after an evacuation has begun. The exact correlation between E Hour and H Hour differs by conglomerate and decisions made in how to execute a specific evacuation.

The SERT is expected to complete procedures outlined in their respective ESF SOP, the SCEOP, and the South Carolina Hurricane Plan Annex B, State Operating Conditions.

B. Purpose

The Timeline noted below assumes at least 72 hours before initiating evacuation to allow affected State, county, and municipal agencies sufficient time to prepare.

For situations with less than 72 hours preparation time, ESF actions must be compressed into the time available. Those actions noted below by an asterisk (*) require alternative procedures as noted.

C. Scope

Certain actions will be accomplished only for a response to a major (Category 3 or greater) hurricane.

Items in **BOLD** are time sensitive events/decisions whose delay will have a negative effect on successful execution of an evacuation.

| Evacuation Decision and Response Time Line | |
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| Time Prior to Public Notification of an Evacuation | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| OPCON 5 Day-to-day Operations | |
| Day-to-day Operations | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor all Atlantic low pressure systems and tropical cyclones for potential threat to South Carolina. • Track National Hurricane Center’s (NHC) tropical cyclone forecasts utilizing hurricane tracking tools. • Update each forecast (every six hours) thereafter until threat to South Carolina is over. • Notify key State partners of potential storm activity. ❑ South Carolina National Guard (SCNG): conduct critical equipment readiness and locate replacements for any non-operable equipment. Maintain PERSTAT (Personnel Status) based on deployments. |
| E-120 hours/5 days DHEC unique tasks associated with Federal Medical Support Requirements | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ ESF-8 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Healthcare facilities contact transportation providers for planning. • Inter-state EMAC assistance planning. • Coordinate additional transportation needs. |
| E-96 hours/4 days | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ SCEMD: Notify SC Department of Health and Environmental Control (SCDHEC) to alert healthcare facilities/nursing homes of potential evacuation timing. ❑ ESF-6: ARC coordinates with ARC National for personnel requests. ❑ ESF-8: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initiate conference call for licensed health care facilities and their associations. Continue calls as necessary until evacuation. • Recommend census reduction measures for hospitals statewide. • Recommend healthcare facilities contact transportation providers for planning. • Inter-state EMAC assistance planning. • Coordinate additional transport needs. • Conduct initial coordination with FEMA reference implementation of NDMS Patient Evacuation Plan. |

| Evacuation Decision and Response Time Line | |
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| Time Prior to Public Notification of an Evacuation | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| OPCON 4 | 72 Hours Prior to Evacuation |
| E- 72 Hours | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initiate OPCON 4 activities as required. • Increase SEOC activation staffing as appropriate. • Activate the Emergency Operations Plans (EOP). • Notify ESFs and State agencies to initiate ESF SOP activities. • Assess storm forecast and potential state/regional impact using hurricane-tracking tools. • Advise key personnel and ESFs to begin preparation for possible mass evacuation; notify ESFs 1, 6, 8, 13, 15, 16, 17 and 19. • Brief Governor and staff after receipt of advisories, as required. □ Governor: Sign Governor’s State of Emergency Declaration to support disaster operations. □ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Submit request for a Presidential Pre-Disaster Declaration, direct federal assistance and category B emergency protective measures. • Conduct coastal county conference calls, as scheduled, to discuss advisories, Governor’s guidance and future actions. □ ESF-1: SCDOT - Notify districts, and reviews schedules and agreements. □ ESF-6: ARC verifies personnel requests with ARC National. □ ESF-8: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initiate Ambulance contract for Mandatory Medical Evacuation as determined by need. • Mobilize and monitor Emergency Medical Services transport. • Monitor to ensure Healthcare facilities contact transportation providers for planning. • Monitor status of Ambulance contract, if requested. • Monitor Inter-state EMAC assistance planning. □ ESF 13: Issue notification to all officers to be on alert, ready to respond. □ ESF 15: Enhance public awareness campaign. □ ESF-16: Issue warning order to SC Highway Patrol (SCHP). ** If insufficient time to issue Warning Order, SCDPS may have to warn and deploy forces as trooper shift work dictates, and phase augmenting troopers to prioritized Traffic Control Points (TCP). May request State Law Enforcement Division (SLED) or SC Department of Natural Resources (SCDNR) assist with TCPs |

| Evacuation Decision and Response Time Line | |
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| Time Prior to Public Notification of an Evacuation | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| OPCON 4 72 Hours Prior to Evacuation | |
| E- 72 Hours (Cont) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ ESF-19: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Issue National Guard Warning Order for State activation. ** If insufficient time to issue Warning Order, may need to source units from locations closer to evacuation area and phase forces in as they are activated. • Consider recommending National Guard request for Title 32 funding support. |
| E- 60 Hours | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notify SCDOT to contact portable toilet and bottled water vendors to support set up of comfort stations. • Notify ESF 6 of possible shelter operations and logistical needs. • Create a new State incident in Palmetto. ❑ Governor: Go/No-Go decision on initiation of Mass Transportation Plan. ❑ ESF-1: Notify Motor Coach Association & Department of Education of possible support requirements for Mass Transportation Plan ❑ Counties <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Verify POD locations. ❑ ESF-8: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor ongoing census reduction of health care facilities. • Consider requests for facility exemptions from proposed evacuation order on a case-by-case basis ❑ Potential affected counties: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create a new incident in Palmetto and link to State incident. • Update “State-wide County Status” Board. |

| Evacuation Decision and Response Time Line | |
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| Time Prior to Public Notification of an Evacuation | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| OPCON 4 72 Hours Prior to Evacuation | |
| E- 48 Hours | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ Governor: Go/No-Go decision on initiation of Mandatory Medical Evacuation (sign Mandatory Medical Evacuation Order w/exceptions). ❑ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Notify ESF-1 to preposition highway advisory radios. • Notify contingency contracts of possible activation. ❑ SCEMD/ESF-1/13/16: Evaluate criteria for lane reversal actions. ❑ ESF-2: Issue pre-planned radio/cell phone equipment in support of ESF-16 activities. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ** May be insufficient time for ESF-2 to distribute all equipment per the plan. A prioritized distribution scheme may be employed. ❑ ESF-8: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initiate emergency radio communications tests among hospitals and public health departments. • Monitor census reduction and movement of critical care patients from hospitals in projected surge zones. • Continue Health Care Facility Coordination. ❑ ESF-19: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Select tentative Logistical Staging Areas (LSA). • Request National Guard install and activate four (4) additional telephone lines in SLED pre-assigned staging armories. • SCNG: Identify routes for deployment and support. |

| Evacuation Decision and Response Time Line | |
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| Time Prior to Public Notification of an Evacuation | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| OPCON 3 | 36 Hours Prior to Evacuation |
| E- 36 Hours | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initiate OPCON 3 activities as required. • Increase SEOC activation staffing as appropriate. • Recall SCEMD Staff. • Assess storm forecast and potential state/regional impact using hurricane-tracking tools. • Brief Governor and staff after receipt of advisories, as required. ❑ Governor: Call the National Guard to State Active Duty. ❑ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue coastal county conference calls, as scheduled, to discuss advisories, Governor’s guidance, evacuation decisions and future actions. • Establish priority means and frequencies for communications assets if traditional forms are nonfunctional. Disseminate via conference call, email and fax. • Discuss regional traffic coordination procedures and evacuation timing with FEMA and Atlantic coast states’ EOCs. • When Mass Transportation resources in place; notify SCNG to man processing sites. ❑ ESF-1: Verify mass transportation needs with counties. ❑ ESF-2: Test equipment and assign frequency channels. ❑ ESF-6: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Update ARC National personnel requests. • Notify shelter partners, to include ESF-17, of possible shelter activation. ❑ ESF-8: Monitor ongoing census reduction of health care facilities. ❑ ESF-12: Activate Evacuation Fuel Plan as required. ❑ ESF-13: Mobilizes evacuation support personnel and resources to support Evacuation. If warranted this may be delayed to OPCON 2. ** If National Guard is not activated. ❑ ESF-15: Intensify public information campaign. ❑ ESF 16: Emergency Traffic Management - mobilizes evacuation support personnel and resources. ❑ ESF-19: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activate selected National Guard units to support evacuations. • Initiate/receive/start military LSA operations for troop support. • LNOs forward deploy to select County EOCs. |

| Evacuation Decision and Response Time Line | |
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| Time Prior to Public Notification of an Evacuation | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| OPCON 2 | 24 Hours Prior to Evacuation |
| E- 24 Hours | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Initiate OPCON 2 activities as required. • Increase SEOC activation staffing as appropriate as required by conditions. • Notify SCDOT to deploy resources (bottled water and porta-pots) for comfort stations. • Assess storm forecast and potential state/regional impact using hurricane-tracking tools. • Brief Governor and staff after receipt of advisories, as required □ ESF-16: Pre-position SCHP TCP personnel into the areas(s) as appropriate. □ Governor: Go/No-Go decision on Evacuation (sign Evacuation Order). □ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advise coastal counties of Governor’s evacuation decisions and TCPs as determined by ESF-16. • Notify ESF-6 to execute Evacuation Shelter Plan. • Continue coastal county conference calls to discuss advisories, Governor’s guidance, evacuation decision and future actions. • Activate Disaster Logistics Support Plan. • Activate contingency contracts. • Request national assets for imagery thru FEMA. • Notify Public Information Phone System (PIPS) support agencies to prepare for activation. • Request pre-landfall satellite image for post-landfall comparison. □ ESF-1: Activate Evacuation Messaging on DOT messaging boards □ ESF-6: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Execute Evacuation Shelter Plan for designated zones • Update ARC National personnel requests. □ ESF-8: Continue Health Care Facility Coordination □ ESF-12: Coordinate Implementation of Evacuation Fuel Plan. □ ESF-13: Deploy security resources to staging areas. □ ESF-18: Consider beginning call center set up and manning plan. □ ESF-19: Pre-position military TCP and LSA personnel as appropriate. |

| Evacuation Decision and Response Time Line | |
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| Time Prior to Public Notification of an Evacuation | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| OPCON 2 24 Hours Prior to Evacuation | |
| E-16 to E-13 Hours | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ ESF-6: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prepare to execute evacuation shelter plan. • Update ARC National personnel requests. □ ESF-15: Focus Public Information campaign specifically on evacuation information. |
| E- 12 Hours | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alert PIPS for imminent activation. • Continue monitoring NHC’s hurricane forecasts, HURREVAC and other hurricane tracking software. • Brief Governor and staff after receipt of advisories, as required. □ Mass Transportation Plan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Equipment and personnel in place at Embarkation/ Debarkation points • Vehicles are in place at Vehicle Staging Areas □ ESF-15: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Issue news releases delineating vulnerable areas. • Initiate Public Information program to announce Mass Transportation Plan. |

| Evacuation Monitoring | |
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| Category 1 and 2 storms (lane reversal may not initially be implemented) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> ESF-16 monitors evacuation status and reports traffic flow (speed & counts, accidents, and critical intersections). <input type="checkbox"/> Initiate lane reversal, if required. |
| For each storm | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Evacuation status monitoring/reporting of <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Shelters status (General Population and SMNS, ESF-6) <input type="checkbox"/> Status of medical facilities (ESF-8) <input type="checkbox"/> Media activities (ESF-15) <input type="checkbox"/> Traffic situation (ESF-16) <input type="checkbox"/> Hotel/motel availability (ESF-24) <input type="checkbox"/> Fuel Situation (ESF-12) <input type="checkbox"/> Mass Transportation Status (ESF-1/SCEMD) <input type="checkbox"/> Communications Status (ESF-2) <input type="checkbox"/> PIPS Inquires (SCEMD) |

Evacuation can take 44 hours or more, and will be followed by a period of time awaiting storm arrival which will be used by all individuals and organizations for final checks and preparation. Force protection is a primary focus. As landfall occurs, there is a period of hours for the storm itself to pass.

A continuous effort to remain in contact with affected areas by all means available, as well as monitoring the status and well-being of shelters, development of known logistical or resource requirements, and maintenance of communication by all sources highlight this time period. These efforts will focus on the preservation of life and property, as well as the determination of needs in the post-storm environment. Efforts to determine the magnitude of storm damage and the requirements of the support effort are early needs. Finally, through coordination with affected counties, the SEOC will coordinate public information and required resources for reentry based on county decisions and priorities.

| Post Landfall Response Initial Time Line | |
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| Time Post Landfall and storm completion | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| <p>OPCON 1</p> <p>The activities in this time line reflect only specific items. ESFs will refer to the SCEOP and internal SOPs to address all specific topics and tasks</p> | |
| <p>Priorities for immediate post landfall activities will focus on:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Life saving and search and rescue. ○ Initial rapid assessment of the disaster in full. ○ Re-establishing communications. | |
| <p>H+0-6 hours</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Continue Full Activation as required. • Brief Governor and staff after receipt of information, as required. • Assess post-landfall weather threats for flood and tornadoes. Provide general weather outlook for the next 24-48-72 hours. • Coordinate disaster intelligence from all sources • Re-establish communications to critical facilities (e.g. - Emergency Operations Centers (EOC), hospitals, shelters, etc). • Assign Government Emergency Telephone System (GETS) cards as needed. • Based on assessments from the field and accumulated facts, modify draft request for Presidential Post Disaster Declaration. □ ESF-1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine status of the road network. • Coordinate with ESF-19 for road clearance assistance (if necessary). □ ESF-2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determine status of communications networks; re-establish communications to all affected areas, determine needs and requirements. • Prepare communications plan for short-term use of High Frequency (HF) point-to-point, Satellite Communications and National Guard communications support for worst-case disaster areas. • Deploy emergency communications support teams and assets as needed. □ ESF-3: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide utility and water status in impacted areas. □ ESF-4: Monitor and track status of local fires and firefighting capabilities. □ ESF-6: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide Shelter Status – communications, occupancy, accessibility, power, occupancy, unmet needs and ongoing issues. • Provide status of local feeding requirements and available resources. |

| Post Landfall Response Initial Time Line | |
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| Time Post Landfall and storm completion | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| OPCON 1 The activities in this time line reflect only specific items. ESFs will refer to the SCEOP and internal SOPs to address all specific topics and tasks | |
| H+0-6 hours (Cont) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ ESF-8: Provide status of healthcare facilities. ❑ ESF-9: Track status of Urban S&R tasks, needs, and capabilities ❑ ESF-10: Provide information regarding any known Hazardous Material (HAZMAT) threats. ❑ ESF-12: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide status of natural gas pipelines and natural gas supplies. • Provide status of power grid to impacted areas. • Provide status of vehicle fuels/resupply. ❑ ESF-13: On-duty Task Force reestablishes security presence IAW directives. ❑ ESF-15: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordinate with public information agencies to broadcast bulletins about National Weather Service (NWS) advisories, restricted areas and protective actions • Focus Public Information campaign specifically on remaining clear of the disaster area and providing information on the affected areas. ❑ ESF-16: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide post disaster intelligence and infrastructure status reports to local EOCs. • Prepare for/execute a shift change for next operational period. ❑ ESF 18: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alert Seventh Day Adventist regarding Donated Goods Warehouse operation. • Process and assign (through coordination with Ops) volunteer personnel. ❑ ESF-19: Deploy Civil Support Team communications van in support of State missions as ordered. ❑ Community Emergency Response Teams (CERT), State Guard, National Guard and other Volunteers from western counties begin preparations to move to affected counties to assist Counties in point distribution services. |

| Post Landfall Response Initial Time Line | |
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| Time Post Landfall and storm completion | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| OPCON 1 | |
| H+6-24 hours | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dispatch request for Presidential Post Disaster Declaration and/or prepare Executive Order rescinding State of Emergency (as needed). □ Operations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deploy Assessment Team as requested and if required. • Track reentry areas where applicable. • Collect, analyze, and distribute damage assessment reports. • Activate as required the Hydrology Advisory Team for potential/ anticipated and ongoing flood situations. • Continue all reporting and information sharing processes. □ Plans: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • State Climate Office provides weather information as required. • Conduct long range planning and assist in SEOC to Joint Field Office (JFO) transition activities. • Begin planning for long-term shelter based on estimates from field intelligence. □ Logistics: Conduct staging area coordination. □ ESF-1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide restoration efforts and status of the road, rail, airport and waterway networks. • ESF-19/National Guard will provide assets for road clearance if necessary. □ ESF-2: Provide communications restoration and status updates. □ ESF- 3: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide information and establish priority of repair for water, lift stations, wells and sewer facilities. • Provide information regarding damage to public infrastructure and repair of public infrastructure to include critical facilities. □ ESF-6: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Re-evaluate general population and SMNS shelter status. • Identify shelters available for post-impact use. • Project shelter closing and consolidation procedure in coordination with Ops, counties and ARC. • Begin planning for long-term shelter based on estimates from field intelligence. • Reassess requirements based on potential long term feeding needs. • Establish post-impact emergency fixed and mobile feeding sites as required. |

| Post Landfall Response Initial Time Line | |
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| Time Post Landfall and storm completion | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| OPCON 1 | |
| H+6-24 hours (Cont) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> □ ESF-8: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Determines status of public health and healthcare support systems. • Request Federal Medical Station(s) (thru Governor) as needed. • Begin clearing licensed healthcare facilities for re-entry. □ ESF-11: Assess/acquire food stocks as required. □ ESF-12: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provide status of natural gas pipelines and natural gas supplies. • Provide status of power grid to impacted areas. • Provide status of vehicle fuels/resupply. □ ESF-13: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Respond to security requirements. • Determine the status of law enforcement and other disaster conditions from local authorities. □ ESF-15: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Issue news releases on state of the State and provide any additional guidance. • Respond to media inquiries and monitor media. • Distribute press releases. • Coordinate with State agencies and organizations on release of the following types of information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ DHEC: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Health bulletins • Special Medical Needs Shelters ○ ARC – Projected closing, consolidation of public shelters ○ SCDOT/SCDPS - Status of roads ○ SC Department of Parks, Recreation and Tourism (SCPRT) - Tourism industry oriented information, state park openings ○ SC Department of Insurance (SCDOI) - Insurance claim information ○ SC Department of Education (SCDOE) - Status of schools. □ ESF-16: Continue to provide security presence IAW ESF-13 requirements, prepare for and execute traffic control procedures for reentry as needed based on county plans and policies. □ ESF-17: Monitor requests for assistance and determine storm effects on animals/exotic animals and related issues. □ ESF-18: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Activate State Donations Call Center and appropriated donations management procedures. • Implement the Donated Goods Management Plan |

| Post Landfall Response Initial Time Line | |
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| Time Post Landfall and storm completion | Operational Key Event, Decision Point, or Timing Window (timings are situation dependent) |
| OPCON 1 | |
| H+24-Completion (Tasks in addition to those shown from H+6-24 Hours) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ Governor: Decision to continue/discontinue State of Emergency Declaration. ❑ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Decision point to continuing contingency contracts. • Coordinates with state agencies to establish information services as required. • Prepare to issue reentry passes and coordinate with ESF-13 for notification to control points for access passes and/or letters from the SEOC. ❑ ESF-6: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monitor and update status of shelters. • Implement closing and consolidation procedure in coordination with Ops and counties. ❑ ESF-18: Donations Warehouse open and functional. ❑ Counties: Deploy emergency housing site selection teams to damaged areas and begin development of emergency housing plan. |
| On Order | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ SCEMD: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transition to reentry procedures. • Coordinate Post-Impact Refuel Plan for Emergency Responders ❑ ESF-1: Position signage (variable message boards, road markers) to facilitate reentry, as required. ❑ ESF-16: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advise EMD Director on lane reversal options. • Monitor reentry traffic ❑ ESF-19: Deploy SCNG assets to support operations/communications. ❑ All: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transition to JFO integration/support. • Support re-organization from Emergency Support Functions (ESF) to Recovery Support Functions (RSF) in conjunction with Federal partners. • Be prepared to demobilize and resume normal operations. |

III. REENTRY AND RECOVERY OPERATIONS

Once the Governor rescinds an evacuation order, reentry operations may begin. Reentry is the transition phase to recovery operations. The SEOC remains at OPCON 1 during reentry. Reentry is a local decision. At a minimum, the following areas/ESFs should consider and accomplish the listed items in the table below.

| REENTRY AND RECOVERY OPERATIONS | |
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| RESPONSIBLE AGENCY/ESF/SECTION | ACTIONS |
| SCEMD | <p>Continue staffing SEOC with the following ESFs/Sections, as required:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ESF 1: Transportation ESF 2: Communications ESF 3: Public Works and Engineering ESF 4: Firefighting Planning Unit: Information and Planning ESF 6: Mass Care Resource Unit: Resource Support and Planning ESF 8: Health and Medical Services ESF 9: Search and Rescue ESF 10: Hazardous Materials ESF 11: Food Services ESF 12: Energy ESF 13: Law Enforcement ESF 16: Evacuation Traffic Management ESF-17: Animal/Agriculture Emergency Response ESF 18: Donated Goods and Volunteer Services ESF 19: Military Support ESF 24: Business and Industry <p>Ops:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Notify all counties of situation status. <input type="checkbox"/> Coordinate with Public Information (ESF-15) to broadcast bulletins about NWS advisories, restricted areas, and protective actions. <input type="checkbox"/> Deploy assistance teams as requested and as required. <p>Plans</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare executive order rescinding evacuation order. Project reentry areas where applicable. <input type="checkbox"/> State Climatologist’s Office provides weather information as required. <p>Logistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Conduct staging area coordination. |

| REENTRY AND RECOVERY OPERATIONS | |
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| RESPONSIBLE AGENCY/ESF/SECTION | ACTIONS |
| ESF-1 Transportation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Track status of road network, and coordinate road clearance priorities. <input type="checkbox"/> Contact SCDOT EOC to determine status of all bridges, roadways, SCDOT equipment, personnel, and facilities affected by the storm, as required. <input type="checkbox"/> Contact the SCDOE to inform them of the OPCON change and provide damage assessment. <input type="checkbox"/> Contact the SCDC to inform them of the OPCON change. <input type="checkbox"/> Contact the SPA to inform them of OPCON change and provide damage assessment. <input type="checkbox"/> Contact State Fleet Management to inform them of the OPCON change and provide damage assessment. <input type="checkbox"/> Contact the SCDOC, Rail Division, to inform them of the OPCON change and to assess the status of Rail assets and provide damage assessment. <input type="checkbox"/> Contact B&CB Aeronautics Commission to inform them of OPCON change, assess Air assets and provide airport damage assessments. <input type="checkbox"/> Contact the U. S. Coast Guard to inform them of the OPCON change and assess the harbor and navigable waterway status. <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare for equipment/personnel requests from counties affected by the storm. <input type="checkbox"/> Position signage (variable message boards, road markers) to facilitate reentry, as required <input type="checkbox"/> Coordinate Air Branch Operations. |
| ESF-2 Communications | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Monitor Status of communications network. <input type="checkbox"/> Re-establish communications to critical facilities (e.g., EOCs, hospitals, and shelters). |
| ESF-3 Public Works and Engineering | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Provide information regarding water and sewer system disruption and re-establishment. <input type="checkbox"/> Provide information regarding damage to public infrastructure and repair of public infrastructure to include critical facilities. |
| ESF-4 Fire Fighting | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Monitor and track status of local fires and firefighting capabilities. <input type="checkbox"/> Conduct aerial damage assessments of timber and reentry routes. <input type="checkbox"/> Coordinate with local DOT agencies concerning the need for SCFC equipment to assist with debris removal from local and secondary roads. |

| REENTRY AND RECOVERY OPERATIONS | |
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| RESPONSIBLE AGENCY/ESF/SECTION | ACTIONS |
| ESF-6 Mass Care | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Determine shelter needs based on damages assessment information. <input type="checkbox"/> Identify shelters available for post-impact use. <input type="checkbox"/> Assess availability of SCDSS/ SCDHHS employees, and ARC/ other VOAD volunteers to manage shelters. <input type="checkbox"/> Activate mutual aid as needed. <input type="checkbox"/> Develop staffing plan to support shelters. <input type="checkbox"/> Coordinate with ESF-11 and other resources to ensure feeding is available for fixed and mobile operations. <input type="checkbox"/> Implement closing and consolidation procedure. |
| ESF-8 Health and Medical | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Determine and track status of public health and medical support systems. <input type="checkbox"/> Monitor Health Care Facility conditions and needs <input type="checkbox"/> Request Federal Medical Station(s) (thru Governor) as needed. <input type="checkbox"/> Close and consolidate Special Medical Needs Shelters in coordination with ESF-6, Ops and counties. <input type="checkbox"/> Clear licensed healthcare facilities for re-entry. |
| ESF-9 Search and Rescue | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Track status of Search & Rescue tasks, needs, and capabilities. |
| ESF-10 Hazardous Materials | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Provide information regarding any known Hazardous Material threats. |
| ESF-11 Food Services | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Track status of local feeding requirements and available resources. <input type="checkbox"/> Assess and acquire food stocks as required. |
| ESF-12 Energy | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Track status of power grid to impacted areas. <input type="checkbox"/> Track status of natural gas pipelines and natural gas supplies. |
| ESF-13 Law Enforcement | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Respond to security requirements. <input type="checkbox"/> Determine the status of law enforcement and other disaster conditions from local authorities. <input type="checkbox"/> Plan, coordinate, and execute law enforcement duties with local and county governments. |

| REENTRY AND RECOVERY OPERATIONS | |
|---|---|
| RESPONSIBLE AGENCY/ESF/SECTION | ACTIONS |
| ESF-15 Public Information | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Coordinate with PIOs in the local EOCs and SEOC regarding need to issue coordinated information about when and where it is safe for residents to return to the area. Joint press releases may be necessary following a mass evacuation where there was no reported damage because of return traffic management issues. <input type="checkbox"/> Respond to media inquiries and monitor media. <input type="checkbox"/> Distribute press releases. <input type="checkbox"/> Coordinate with State agencies and organizations on release of the following types of information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> SCDHEC - Health bulletins <input type="checkbox"/> ARC - Closing, consolidation, and opening of public shelters <input type="checkbox"/> SCDOT/SCDPS - Status of roads <input type="checkbox"/> SCPRT - Tourism industry oriented information, State park openings <input type="checkbox"/> SCDOI - Insurance claim information <input type="checkbox"/> SCDOE - Status of schools |
| ESF-16 Emergency Traffic Management | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Coordinate with SCEMD/ESF-13 and local emergency management directors/local agencies to facilitate expedited reentry operations. <input type="checkbox"/> Manage traffic at critical intersections post-impact with priority given to emergency service vehicles, transportation of supplies/equipment, and access to critical facilities. <input type="checkbox"/> Assist public and private organizations with traffic control during restoration of infrastructure services. |
| ESF-17 Animal/Agriculture Emergency Response | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Provide status report of farm damage and impacts to animals and agricultural assets. <input type="checkbox"/> Monitor and coordinate requests for assistance. <input type="checkbox"/> Continue to coordinate animal and agriculture-related recovery efforts as needed. |
| ESF-18 Donated Goods and Volunteer Services | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Continue donated goods operations as required. |
| ESF-19 Military Support | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Prepare to execute SCNG recovery operations plan. |
| ESF- 24 Business and Industry | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Provide liaison with the public sectors business communities to ensure an efficient exchange of plans and information to support recovery operations. <input type="checkbox"/> Work with the private sector to assist in focusing efforts and re-establishing commercial operations. |